U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development 451 Seventh Street, SW Washington, DC 20410

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Environmental Assessment Determinations and Compliance Findings for HUD-assisted Projects 24 CFR Part 58

Project Information

Project Name: Sportsmanship-Crossing-Affordable-Multi-family-Development
HEROS Number: 900000010149708
Responsible Entity (RE): WAKE COUNTY, PO Box 550 Raleigh NC, 27602
RE Preparer: John Scales
State / Local Identifier:
Certifying Officer: David Ellis
Grant Recipient (if different than Responsible Ent ity):
Point of Contact:
Consultant (if applicabl e):
Point of Contact:
Project Location: 1317 N Main St, Holly Springs, NC 27540

Additional Location Information:

This proposed development is located 1.5 north of the downtown district of Holly Springs, NC.

Development

Direct Comments to: Wake County Government

Housing Affordability & Community Revitalization

PO Box 550, WCOB 440 Raleigh, NC 27602-0550

Description of the Proposed Project [24 CFR 50.12 & 58.32; 40 CFR 1508.25]:

Wake County Government (County) proposes to sell an 8.6-acre site in Holly Springs, NC to DHIC for a multifamily development, and this proposed development will have an affordable housing element that will serve households with incomes less than 60% of Area Median Income (AMI). With that in mind, the affordable housing development is a single-phase project that will serve low-come families in Holly Springs, NC. The proposed development will consist of 124 affordable housing units (50 one-bedroom, 60 two-bedroom, and 14 three-bedroom) and, also, this community will have access to a residential clubhouse and laundry center. The entire apartment community will serve households with incomes less than 60% of the area median income (AMI), and a share of these apartments will give greater support to households with incomes of less than 50% AMI and 40% AMI. The project will be constructed to EnergyStar 2.0 standards and the developer will strive to carry out other green/sustainable features to offer a healthy living environment for the residents. The Town of Holly Springs has grown rapidly over the past couple of decades (population change since 2000 is +283.2%), and this growth has contributed to higher housing cost for the community. The average rent for a 1,000 square foot apartment is \$1,182 compared to the state of North Carolina's average rent of \$907. Of the available rental units in Holly Springs, only 10% of these units rent for less than \$1,000. The need for affordable rentals in Holly Springs is great. * Developer: DHIC * Population: Families * Number of units: 124

Statement of Purpose and Need for the Proposal [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

This project site is located in a municipality with less than the countywide average percentage of subsidized housing. The Wake County municipalities with the highest shares of subsidized housing units (9-10% of total units) are Knightdale, Wendell, and Zebulon. In addition, 66% of the subsidized units in the County are located in areas with poverty rates exceeding the countywide average (Source: Wake County Affordable Housing Plan located at

http://www.wakegov.com/housing/Documents/Wake%20County%20Affordable%20H ousing%20Plan.pdf). The Town of Holly Spring's poverty rate is 4.03% (Data USA) compared to 8.4% for the County as a whole. Holly Springs, like many communities in Wake County, is growing rapidly thus creating a shortage of affordable housing. The Town of Holly Springs has grown rapidly over the past couple of decades (population change since 2000 is +283.2%), and this growth has contributed to higher housing cost for the community. The average rent for a 1,000 square foot apartment is \$1,182 compared to the state of North Carolina's average rent of \$907 (rentcafe.com). Of the available rental units in Holly Springs, only 10% of these units rent for less than \$1,000. The need for affordable rentals in Holly Springs is great.

Existing Conditions and Trends [24 CFR 58.40(a)]:

The following is a site evaluation of 1317 North Main Street (Subject) conducted on September 15, 2020, by John Scales. The Subject site is in a mixed-use neighborhood consisting of multi-family and single-family residential developments as well as retail and commercial uses. The Subject has views of mainly residential properties, and directly to the south of this site is a sports complex (one baseball stadium, two soccer fields, and several tennis courts). Overall, the site lines from the proposed three-story buildings at the Subject will be good from North Main Street (the primary entrance into this development is accessible from Main Street). The Subject is in reasonable proximity to local services including medical services and retail. The following details the Subject's distance from key local amenities: 1) Ting Sports Complex (home of the Holly Springs Salamanders Coastal Plain League baseball team) 0.1 miles, 2) Holly Springs Towne Center (Target, Bed, Bath and Beyond, Dick's Sporting Goods, 02 Fitness Club, and several restaurants) 1.2 miles, 3) Walgreens Pharmacy 1.2 miles, 4) Holly Springs Medical Center 1.6 miles, 5) Rex Healthcare Hospital 2.1 miles, 6) Oakview Elementary School 3.7 miles, 7) Apex Friendship Middle School 6.3 miles, 8) Apex Friendship High School 6.3 miles, 9) Holly Springs Police Department 2.0 miles, and 10) Holly Springs Fire Station #1 2.0 miles. Overall, the neighborhood is very good, and the housing market is very strong. The trend is a growing need for more affordable housing, and absence of this project will exacerbate the wait list for other affordable housing rental communities in the surrounding area. It should be noted, the South Wake Landfill is located 1-mile northwest of the Subject site. The South Wake Landfill does not pose an environmental threat to the Subject site (please refer to Phase I ESA study include in this HEROS Environmental Review).

Maps, photographs, and other documentation of project location and description:

Sportsmanship Crossing - Site Plan - Jan 2021.pdf Parcel Site Map_1317 N Main Street1.pdf

Determination:

√	Finding of No Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(1); 40 CFR 1508.13] The project will not result in a significant impact on the quality of human
	environment
	Finding of Significant Impact

Approval Documents:

Environmental Assessment Determinations Compliance Findings_1317 N Main StSIGNED.pdf

7015.15 certified by Certifying Officer on:

7015.16 certified by Authorizing Officer on:

Funding Information

dentification HUD Program lumber		
Community Planning and	LIONAE Duo quo po	
		Community Planning and

Estimated Total HUD Funded, Assisted or Insured Amount:

\$5,200,000.00

Estimated Total Project Cost [24 CFR 58.2 (a) \$25,754,247.00 **(5)]:**

Compliance with 24 CFR §50.4, §58.5 and §58.6 Laws and Authorities

Compliance Factors: Statutes, Executive Orders, and Regulations listed at 24 CFR §50.4, §58.5, and §58.6	compl or m	e formal iance steps nitigation quired?	Compliance determination (See Appendix A for source determinations)
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORD	ERS, ANI	D REGULATIO	NS LISTED AT 24 CFR §50.4 & § 58.6
Airport Hazards	☐ Yes	☑ No	The project site is not within 15,000 feet
Clear Zones and Accident Potential			of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a
Zones; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D			civilian airport. The project is in
			compliance with Airport Hazards
			requirements. The proposed
			development site is located 18+ miles
			from RDU International Airport (civil
			airfield), and 66+ miles from Seymour
			Johnson AFB (military airfield). See
			supporting documentation.
Coastal Barrier Resources Act	☐ Yes	☑ No	This project is not located in a CBRS
Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as			Unit. Therefore, this project has no
amended by the Coastal Barrier			potential to impact a CBRS Unit and is in
Improvement Act of 1990 [16 USC			compliance with the Coastal Barrier
3501]			Resources Act. Wake County is not one

		of the CBRS units along the coastal
		areas of North Carolina.
Flood Insurance	☐ Yes ☑ No	The structure or insurable property is
Flood Disaster Protection Act of		not located in a FEMA-designated
1973 and National Flood Insurance		Special Flood Hazard Area. While flood
Reform Act of 1994 [42 USC 4001-		insurance may not be mandatory in this
4128 and 42 USC 5154a]		instance, HUD recommends that all
		insurable structures maintain flood
		insurance under the National Flood
		Insurance Program (NFIP). The project is
		in compliance with flood insurance
		requirements. FEMA Firmette # is
		3720074000J dated May 2, 2006.
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORD	DERS, AND REGULATIO	NS LISTED AT 24 CFR §50.4 & § 58.5
Air Quality	☐ Yes ☑ No	The project's county or air quality
Clean Air Act, as amended,		management district is in attainment
particularly section 176(c) & (d); 40		status for all criteria pollutants. The
CFR Parts 6, 51, 93		project is in compliance with the Clean
		Air Act.
Coastal Zone Management Act	☐ Yes ☑ No	This project is not located in or does not
Coastal Zone Management Act,		affect a Coastal Zone as defined in the
sections 307(c) & (d)		state Coastal Management Plan. The
		project is in compliance with the Coastal
		Zone Management Act. Wake County is
		not one of the 20 counties that are
		subject to the rules and policies of the
		Coastal Resources Commission, which
		administers the Coastal Area
		Management Act.
Contamination and Toxic	☐ Yes ☑ No	Site contamination was evaluated as
Substances		follows: ASTM Phase I ESA. On-site or
24 CFR 50.3(i) & 58.5(i)(2)]		nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive
		substances that could affect the health
		and safety of project occupants or
		conflict with the intended use of the
		property were not found. The project is
		in compliance with contamination and
		toxic substances requirements. See
		supporting documentation.
Endangered Species Act	☐ Yes ☑ No	This project has been determined to
Endangered Species Act of 1973,		have No Effect on listed species. This
particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part		project is in compliance with the
402		Endangered Species Act without
		mitigation. Please refer to Axiom

Explosive and Flammable Hazards Above-Ground Tanks)[24 CFR Part 51 Subpart C	☐ Yes ☑ No	Environmental's Protected Species Survey report for No Effect on the Cape Fear shiner, Red-cockaded woodpecker, Dwarf Wedgemussel, Tar River spinymussel, Michaux's sumac, and the Bald Eagle. See supporting documentation. There are no current or planned stationary aboveground storage containers of concern within 1 mile of the project site. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.
Farmlands Protection Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981, particularly sections 1504(b) and 1541; 7 CFR Part 658	☐ Yes ☑ No	This project includes activities that could potentially convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use, but an exemption applies. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act. At this proposed development site, 21 percent of the +/- 9 acres has soils (CaH - Chewacla and Wehadkee soils) that are classified as prime farmland. These soils are in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act because the proposed site is an urbanized area according to the Census Bureau's mapping tool. See supporting documentation.
Floodplain Management Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55	☐ Yes ☑ No	This project does not occur in a floodplain. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11988. See supporting documentation.
Historic Preservation National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800	□ Yes ☑ No	Based on Section 106 consultation there are No Historic Properties Affected because there are no historic properties present. The project is in compliance with Section 106.
Noise Abatement and Control Noise Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Quiet Communities Act of 1978; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart B	☐ Yes ☑ No	A Noise Assessment was conducted. The noise level was acceptable: 59.0 db. See noise analysis. The project is in compliance with HUD's Noise regulation. There are two noise generating sources at this site. The first

Sole Source Aquifers Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, particularly section 1424(e); 40 CFR Part 149 Wetlands Protection Executive Order 11990, particularly sections 2 and 5	☐ Yes ☑ No	source is U.S. Hwy. 55 Business or North Main Street, and the closest building to this roadway is the clubhouse and laundry center. The distance between the roadway and this building is 190 feet, and the decibel rating is 58. The second source is U.S. Hwy. 55 By-pass, and the closest building is 810 feet away from the second road source. The decibel rating for the second source is 52, and the combined DNL for all sources is 59. The airport and railroad are greater than 15 miles and 3,000 feet, respectively, from this proposed development site. See supporting documentation. The project is not located on a sole source aquifer area. The project is in compliance with Sole Source Aquifer requirements. The project will not impact on- or offsite wetlands. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990.
Wild and Scenic Rivers Act	☐ Yes ☑ No	This project is not within proximity of a
Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968,		NWSRS river. The project is in
particularly section 7(b) and (c)		compliance with the Wild and Scenic
		Rivers Act.
HUD HO	OUSING ENVIRONI	MENTAL STANDARDS
	ENVIRONMENT	AL JUSTICE
Environmental Justice	☐ Yes ☑ No	No adverse environmental impacts were
Executive Order 12898		identified in the project's total
		environmental review. The project is in
		compliance with Executive Order 12898

Environmental Assessment Factors [24 CFR 58.40; Ref. 40 CFR 1508.8 &1508.27]

Impact Codes: An impact code from the following list has been used to make the determination of impact for each factor.

- (1) Minor beneficial impact
- (2) No impact anticipated
- (3) Minor Adverse Impact May require mitigation

(4) Significant or potentially significant impact requiring avoidance or modification which may require an Environmental Impact Statement.

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation				
	1 -		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				
Conformance with Plans / Compatible Land Use and Zoning / Scale and Urban Design	Code 2	The Town of Holly Springs website confirms that the zoning for this parcel LB Limited, and is intended for the following use: "The LB Districts are established to promote a village oriented, pedestrian friendly environment for the provision of a full range of convenience goods and services, which are necessary to meet the daily needs of nearby residential neighborhoods and to promote dwelling units located in the upper units of mixed-use buildings. Permitted uses with the LB Districts are regulated in character to assure harmonious development with the nearby residential districts served and are limited in size and scale to promote pedestrian access." The current zoning is within an area on the town's future land use map designated as "Mixed Use Center", and the proposed mix of uses in this proposal requires a re-zoning to Community Business (CB) district. The development plan that will be proposed to the town will include a "Mixed Use Option" found in the Town of Holly Springs' Unified Development Ordinance (UDO). The concurrent zoning and site plan approval process is anticipated to run 12-15 months in duration. As of January 26, 2021, DHIC (Developer) has submitted a rezoning	Willigation				
		application to the Town of Holly Springs. The requested zoning classification is R-MF-					
		15. The request is currently expected to go before Planning Board in February and then before Town Council for approval in March					
		2021.					
Soil Suitability / Slope/	2	The soil data for this site was collected at					
Erosion / Drainage		the USDA Web Soil Survey website. Most of the soil make-up consist of three varieties					

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation				
Assessment Factor	Code						
LAND DEVELOPMENT							
and Storm Water Runoff		of Carbonton-Brickhaven complex, 6 to 10 percent slopes (61.5ercent), Carbonton-Brickhaven complex, 10 to 15 percent slopes (23.3 percent), and Chewacla and Wehadkee soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes (15.1 percent). The majority (84.9 percent) of the soils fort this parcel is not prime farmland or farmland of statewide importance. The remaining soil (15.1 percent) is prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season. The FEMA Firmette map confirms that this parcel is not in a flood zone. To be in compliance with the Farmland Act, this site must be in an "urbanized area" as indicated on the Census Bureau's mapping website. If not, then HUD form AD-1006 may need to be completed and approved by the USDA. The Census Bureau's website confirms that this parcel is in an "urbanized area", and, therefore, this site is in compliance with the Farmland Act. The current topography indicates that the surface water drains towards the southeastern corner of this parcel, and a BMP detention pond is planned for this area of the parcel.					
Hazards and Nuisances including Site Safety and Site- Generated Noise	2	Reina Clark, Mid-Atlantic Project Manager, conducted a site reconnaissance on 09/21/2020, and the methodology used was a site walkover. Mid-Atlantic did not encounter limiting conditions during the site reconnaissance that hindered their ability to identify RECs. Mid-Atlantic did not observe hazardous substances, petroleum products, USTs, ASTs, other subject containers, equipment likely to contain PCBs, interior staining/corrosion, discharge features, pits, ponds, and lagoons, solid waste dumping/landfills, stained soil/stressed vegetation, wells, or					

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor	Code		
		LAND DEVELOPMENT	
		wastewater/septic at the subject or	
		adjacent properties. Mid-Atlantic did not	
		identify known/suspect RECs, historical	
		RECs and/or de minimus conditions	
		associated with the subject site and/or	
		surrounding properties during performance	
		of this PESA, but they did record various	
		piles of debris located on the property. Mid-	
		Atlantic's conclusions and	
		recommendations, "40 CFR Part 112	
		requires environmental professionals to	
		consider the information collected during	
		performance of this PESA and render an	
		opinion as to whether additional	
		investigation is required to detect	
		contamination. Based on our review of	
		information available for the subject	
		property and our site reconnaissance, Mid-	
		Atlantic did not identify recognized	
		environmental conditions (RECs), historical	
		recognized environmental conditions	
		(HRECs) or controlled recognized	
		environmental conditions (CRECs) during	
		the completion of this assessment. Based on information currently available for the	
		Subject Property, it is our opinion that	
		additional investigation is not warranted.	
		Mid-Atlantic recommends removing the	
		debris piles form the Subject Property prior	
		to future development."	
Energy	2	This development is a short-term	
Consumption/Energy		construction project that will have minimal	
Efficiency		impacts on energy consumption during the	
,		construction phase. The developer will	
		utilize EnergyStar 2.0 standards in building	
		this apartment complex, and they will strive	
		to implement other green/sustainable	
		features to provide a healthy living	
		environment for the residents and to	
		conserve natural resources. The elements	
		to meet Energy Star qualifications are: high	

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor	Code		
	1	LAND DEVELOPMENT	
		SEER ratings on HVAC equipment, grade 1	
		insulation, energy efficient windows, energy	
		efficient water heaters, EnergyStar	
		appliances, and compact fluorescent light	
		fixtures. Southern Energy Management will	
		ensure the project meets or exceeds the	
		EnergyStar 2.0 standards for energy	
		performance and thermal envelope	
		enclosure. This includes being inspected	
		and tested by third party certified HERS	
		raters to ensure proper performance. For	
		the long-term, no impact anticipated with	
		an excessive increase in energy	
		consumption.	
	T	SOCIOECONOMIC	
Employment and	2	At the time of completing this	
Income Patterns		Environmental Review, the developer,	
		DHIC, did not have a market study for this	
		proposed project. Based on previous	
		market studies for similar projects in Wake	
		County, in particular, Broadstone Walk in	
		Apex, NC (Holly Springs, NC borders Apex,	
		NC to the southeast), employment in the	
		Primary Market Area (PMA) is concentrated	
		in the professional/scientific/tech services,	
		manufacturing, and healthcare/social	
		assistance work areas, which collectively	
		comprise 42.2 percent of Wake County employment. The large share of PMA	
		employment in manufacturing is notable as	
		this industry is historically volatile, and	
		prone to contraction during economic	
		downturns. However, the PMA also has a	
		significant share of employment in the	
		healthcare industry, which is historically	
		known to exhibit greater stability during	
		recessionary periods. The effects of the	
		recession were less pronounced in the	
		county, which experienced a 3.2 percent	
		employment contraction, compared to a 4.9	
		percent across the United States.	

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation				
Assessment Factor	Code						
LAND DEVELOPMENT							
Demographic Character Changes / Displacement	2	Employment in the county quickly rebounded and surpassed pre-recessionary levels in 2010, four years prior to the overall nation. As of September 2019, total employment in the county is at a post-recessionary record and increasing at an annualized rate of 3.9 percent, compared to 1.5 percent across the overall nation. Overall, the local economy appears to have fully recovered from the recession and entered an expansionary phase. Please note, the employment landscape will look quite different for the remainder of 2020 because of the COVID-19 pandemic. Historically, the PMA has had a strong employment outlook, and it is anticipated that the PMA will rebound quickly once the fallout from the pandemic subsides. This development is a short-term construction project that will not dramatically alter or impact employment and/or income patterns for this area. According to the Market Feasibility Study from Novogradac for Apex, NC, between 2010 and 2019 there was approximately 2.3 annual growth in the PMA, which trailed Wake County and outpaced the US. Over the next five years, the population growth in the PMA and Wake County is projected to increase at a 2.2 and 2.3 percent annual rate, respectively, which exceeds the national projections. Between 2010 and 2019, the PMA experienced household growth, though at a slower rate than Wake County, but higher rate than the US. Over the next five years, the household growth in the PMA is projected to be less than Wake County and is expected to outpace the					
		national household growth. Overall,					
		population and household growth projections in the PMA and Wake County					

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor	Code	•	
	-	LAND DEVELOPMENT	
		indicate a relatively stable market area in	
		terms of demographic trends. The projected	
		population and household growth within	
		the PMA, high occupancy rates amongst the	
		comparable LIHTC properties, and low	
		capture rates for the development's units	
		demonstrates that there is enough demand	
		for the proposed development. Since the	
		subject site is undeveloped, this project will	
		not displace any individuals.	
	COMMU	JNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES	
Educational and	2	Within a drive-time of 15 minutes or less,	
Cultural Facilities		three Wake County Public Schools are	
(Access and Capacity)		conveniently located near this proposed	
		development. Oakview Elementary School is	
		3.7 miles from the site, Apex Friendship	
		Middle School is 6.3 miles from the site, and	
		Apex Friendship High School is 6.3 miles	
		from the site. Wake County Public Schools	
		did respond to my request for comments on	
		this project, and the school system has a	
		concern with overcrowding at each of the	
		three schools (Oakview Elementary School	
		currently has an enrollment cap - see	
		supporting documentation (WCPSS ER	
		Response_1317 N Main Street.pdf). The	
		Holly Springs Cultural Center is 1.7 miles	
		away, the Halle Cultural Arts Center is 5.2	
		miles away, The Playhouse Children's	
		Museum is 5.3 miles away, and several	
		cultural/museum facilities are within a 25-	
		minute ride to downtown Raleigh.	
		Additional cultural facilities are close by in	
		the towns of Cary and Apex.	
Commercial Facilities	2	The nearest commercial corridors are	
(Access and Proximity)		located south of this proposed site. Holly	
		Springs Towne Center (Target, Bed, Bath	
		and Beyond, Dick's Sporting Goods, 02	
		Fitness Club, and several restaurants) and	
		Walgreens are located 1.2 miles from this	
		proposed site. The Oak Hall Shopping	

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation	
Assessment Factor	Code			
LAND DEVELOPMENT				
Health Care / Social Services (Access and Capacity)	2	Center (Food Lion grocery, Ace Hardware, State Employees Credit Union, and several restaurants) is located 0.9 miles and one could walk to this shopping in less than 20 minutes. The Shoppes at Holly Springs is located 2.5 miles from this proposed site, and several locally owned stores are tenants at this shopping center. Rex Healthcare Hospital is the main medical facility for this area and is a six-minute drive from this proposed site. The Holly Springs Medical Center (ENT, Pediatric, Dentistry, and Neurology offices) is a five-minute drive from this site. The nearest pharmacy is Walgreens Pharmacy it is located 1.2 miles from this development site. The closest urgent care facility, Tricity Family Medicine and Urgent Care Clinic is located two-minutes from this site. All in all, this proposed site is convenient to a range of medical facilities. Wake County Human Services has a Southern Regional Center that provides a range of health services, but in particular this center has a Women's Health Clinic, Advance Community Health Medicine, and UNC and Monarch Behavioral Health to name a few of the health services provided at this regional		
Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling (Feasibility and Capacity)	2	center. The addition of 124-units will not generate abnormal solid waste, and recycling systems should not be adversely impacted.		
Waste Water and Sanitary Sewers (Feasibility and Capacity)	2	The addition of 124-units will not generate abnormal wastewater, and sanitary sewers should not be adversely impacted.		
Water Supply (Feasibility and Capacity)	2	The addition of 124-units will not generate abnormal water usage. The water and sewer service provider for this proposed site is the Town of Holly Springs. The Town		

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation
Assessment Factor	Code		
LAND DEVELOPMENT			
		will address capacity of any proposed development at the time of construction permitting.	
Public Safety - Police, Fire and Emergency Medical	2	The addition of 124-units will not burden public safety services as a result of this new housing development. The Holly Springs Police Department did respond with a potentially adverse impact with an increased in vehicular traffic on North Main Street (Hwy. Business 55 is a north-south highway that is east of this proposed site). The Holly Springs Police and Fire Departments are 2 miles from this proposed site. See supporting documentation.	
Parks, Open Space and Recreation (Access and Capacity)	2	No anticipated impact to the parks and recs system with the development of this apartment community. Ting Park is south of this proposed site (located on the southside of Sportsmanship Way; the proposed development site is on the northside of Sportsmanship Way), and is home to the Holly Springs Salamanders Coastal Plain League baseball team. Ting Park also includes two soccer fields and several tennis courts. Three additional parks (Veterans, Jones, and Womble Parks) are less than 10-minutes from this development site.	
Transportation and Accessibility (Access and Capacity)	2	The public transportation that serves this area is provided by GoCary Holly Springs (HSX) (part of the GoTriangle regional public transportation service for the Triangle region) which is a peak-period express bus route that will connect Holly Springs and Apex to regional transportation services at the Cary, NC Depot. For more information, please go to this website https://www.apexnc.org/201/Public-Transportation-Services-Plans. The closest bus stop for this express service is 1.2-miles from this proposed development site at the Holly Springs Towne Center shopping	

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation	
	LAND DEVELOPMENT			
		center. This transportation service is		
		available seven days a week.		
		NATURAL FEATURES		
Unique Natural	2	According to the NC Natural Heritage		
Features /Water		Program (NCNHP) website, there are no		
Resources		Managed or Natural Areas presently on or		
		near the project site. Under Forestry Lands		
		Assessment, the mapping tool indicates a		
		very high rating for maintaining viable		
		urban forests. As for drinking water		
		susceptibility, the surface water		
		susceptibility is rated "Higher" on the		
		NCNHP website (ground water susceptibility		
		not present), but the water supply is coming		
		from the Town of Holly Springs municipal		
		water treatment facility mitigating any		
		water supply concerns. Additionally, there		
		are no public or private scenic areas on or		
		near the project site.		
Vegetation / Wildlife	2	This vacant parcel is covered in grasses,		
(Introduction,		underbrush, and trees. According to the NC		
Modification,		Natural Heritage Program (NCNHP) website,		
Removal, Disruption,		the Forestry Lands Assessment section		
etc.)		indicates that maintaining viable urban		
		forests is a high priority. As for biodiversity		
		and wildlife habitat assessment, NCNHP's		
0.1 5 .		website index is unrated.		
Other Factors	2	The demand for affordable senior housing is		
		great, so this proposed project will be a		
		benefit to the community.		

Supporting documentation

Sportsmanship Crossing Supportive Services Plan 2021 01 21.pdf

WWCM Letter of Support HollySprings 01-21-2021.pdf

ZoningVerification 1317NMain.pdf

Parks and Rec HS Request for HUD ER 1317 N Main St RESPONSE1.pdf

03 IPA~1.PDF

WCPSSE~1.PDF

HOLLYS~1.PDF

PESA 1317 E Main St Holly Springs Mid-Atlantic(1).pdf

HS Zoning LB Local Business District 1317 N Main Street.pdf

Additional Studies Performed:

Wetland and stream delineation assessment conducted by Axiom Environmental in consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

Field Inspection [Optional]: Date and completed by:

List of Sources, Agencies and Persons Consulted [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

Wake County EMS Wake County Fire and Emergency Services Holly Springs Fire Department Wake County Health and Human Services North Carolina Natural Heritage Program Holly Springs Police Department Holly Springs Planning and Zoning Department Wake County Public School System GoTriangle Public Transportation Holly Springs Public Works Department Holly Springs Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Services Holly Springs Water Quality Department Holly Springs Engineering Department North Carolina Soil and Water Conservation District North Carolina Department of Transportation US Army Corps of Engineers US Fish and Wildlife Catawba Indian Nation THPO Capital Area Preservation Axiom Environmental, Inc.

List of Permits Obtained:

Public Outreach [24 CFR 58.43]:

Wake County will post a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) and a Request for Release of Funds (RROF) for the required time period before forwarding to HUD in Greensboro, NC. Wake County will post the FONSI and RROF on the County's website (http://www.wakegov.com/housing/Pages/plansdocs.aspx).

WWCM Letter of Support HollySprings 01-21-2021(1).pdf

Cumulative Impact Analysis [24 CFR 58.32]:

The construction of this affordable housing development is a short-term, single phase construction activity. An adverse cumulative impact is not anticipated.

Alternatives [24 CFR 58.40(e); 40 CFR 1508.9]

There are no alternatives or project modifications being considered at this time. The goal is to provide affordable rental housing for this community through this unique development.

No Action Alternative [24 CFR 58.40(e)]

Many families and seniors will be cost burdened with the high cost of market rate rentals in Wake County.

Summary of Findings and Conclusions:

The proposed development site is a vacant parcel that is in a primarily residential area in Holly Springs, NC. This lot is located at 1317 North Main Street and covers 8.6 acres. This site is bordered to the north by single-family homes in average condition. To the east are several single- and multi-family developments that are in good condition. Ting Park (multi-purpose sports complex) borders to the south along Sportsmanship Way and beyond this sports complex are more single-family neighborhoods. To the west, you will find mainly commercial retail centers along by-pass Hwy. 55. Additionally, the South Wake Landfill is within one mile of this proposed development, and this landfill provides solid waste disposal for Wake County residents and businesses. Overall, the neighborhood is strong and in very good condition. In conclusion, there is a growing need for more affordable housing, and the absence of this project will put more demands on the affordable housing rental community in this area.

Mitigation Measures and Conditions [CFR 1505.2(c)]:

Summarized below are all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or nonconformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.

Law,	Mitigation Measure or Condition	Comments on	Complete
Authority, or		Completed	
Factor		Measures	

Mitigation Plan

Supporting documentation on completed measures

APPENDIX A: Related Federal Laws and Authorities

Airport Hazards

General policy	Legislation	Regulation
It is HUD's policy to apply standards to		24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D
prevent incompatible development		
around civil airports and military airfields.		

1. To ensure compatible land use development, you must determine your site's proximity to civil and military airports. Is your project within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport?

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload the map showing that the site is not within the applicable distances to a military or civilian airport below

Yes

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The project site is not within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport. The project is in compliance with Airport Hazards requirements. The proposed development site is located 18+ miles from RDU International Airport (civil airfield), and 66+ miles from Seymour Johnson AFB (military airfield). See supporting documentation.

Supporting documentation

<u>Airport Hazards_Distance to Seymour Johnson AFB_1317 N Main St.pdf</u> Airport Hazards_Distance to RDU_1317 N Main St.pdf

		•••	
Are formal	compliance steps	or mitigation	required:

Yes

Coastal Barrier Resources

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD financial assistance may not be	Coastal Barrier Resources Act	
used for most activities in units of the	(CBRA) of 1982, as amended by	
Coastal Barrier Resources System	the Coastal Barrier Improvement	
(CBRS). See 16 USC 3504 for limitations	Act of 1990 (16 USC 3501)	
on federal expenditures affecting the		
CBRS.		

L.	Is the i	oroiect	located	in a	CBRS	Unit
L.	is the p	project	located	ın a	CBRS	Un

✓ No

Document and upload map and documentation below.

Yes

Compliance Determination

This project is not located in a CBRS Unit. Therefore, this project has no potential to impact a CBRS Unit and is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act. Wake County is not one of the CBRS units along the coastal areas of North Carolina.

Supporting documentation

Coastal Barriers Map.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Flood Insurance

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Certain types of federal financial assistance may not be	Flood Disaster	24 CFR 50.4(b)(1)
used in floodplains unless the community participates	Protection Act of 1973	and 24 CFR 58.6(a)
in National Flood Insurance Program and flood	as amended (42 USC	and (b); 24 CFR
insurance is both obtained and maintained.	4001-4128)	55.1(b).

1. Does this project involve <u>financial assistance for construction, rehabilitation, or</u> acquisition of a mobile home, building, or insurable personal property?

No. This project does not require flood insurance or is excepted from flood insurance.

✓ Yes

2. Upload a FEMA/FIRM map showing the site here:

Flood Insurance FEMA Firmette 1317 N Main Street1.pdf

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates floodplains. The <u>FEMA Map Service Center</u> provides this information in the form of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs). For projects in areas not mapped by FEMA, use the best available information to determine floodplain information. Include documentation, including a discussion of why this is the best available information for the site. Provide FEMA/FIRM floodplain zone designation, panel number, and date within your documentation.

Is the structure, part of the structure, or insurable property located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area?

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

Yes

Screen Summary
Compliance Determination

The structure or insurable property is not located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area. While flood insurance may not be mandatory in this instance, HUD recommends that all insurable structures maintain flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The project is in compliance with flood insurance requirements. FEMA Firmette # is 3720074000J dated May 2, 2006.

Supporting documentation

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Air Quality

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Clean Air Act is administered	Clean Air Act (42 USC 7401 et	40 CFR Parts 6, 51
by the U.S. Environmental	seq.) as amended particularly	and 93
Protection Agency (EPA), which	Section 176(c) and (d) (42 USC	
sets national standards on	7506(c) and (d))	
ambient pollutants. In addition,		
the Clean Air Act is administered		
by States, which must develop		
State Implementation Plans (SIPs)		
to regulate their state air quality.		
Projects funded by HUD must		
demonstrate that they conform		
to the appropriate SIP.		

1. Does your project include new construction or conversion of land use facilitating the development of public, commercial, or industrial facilities OR five or more dwelling units?

✓	Yes
	No

Air Quality Attainment Status of Project's County or Air Quality Management District

- 2. Is your project's air quality management district or county in non-attainment or maintenance status for any criteria pollutants?
- ✓ No, project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants.

Yes, project's management district or county is in non-attainment or maintenance status for the following criteria pollutants (check all that apply):

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.

Supporting documentation

Development

90000010149708

CO Limited Maintenance Plan 2012 08 02 BW.pdf

Air Quality Wake Co by Each Year.pdf

Air Quality Sulfur Dioxide 2010.pdf

Air Quality PM2 5 2012.pdf

Air Quality Nitrogen Dioxide 1971.pdf

Air Quality Lead 2008.pdf

Air Quality Carbon Monoxide 1971.pdf

Air Quality 8 hour Ozone 2015.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Coastal Zone Management Act

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Federal assistance to applicant	Coastal Zone Management	15 CFR Part 930
agencies for activities affecting	Act (16 USC 1451-1464),	
any coastal use or resource is	particularly section 307(c)	
granted only when such	and (d) (16 USC 1456(c) and	
activities are consistent with	(d))	
federally approved State		
Coastal Zone Management Act		
Plans.		

1. Is the project located in, or does it affect, a Coastal Zone as defined in your state Coastal Management Plan?

Yes



Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

This project is not located in or does not affect a Coastal Zone as defined in the state Coastal Management Plan. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act. Wake County is not one of the 20 counties that are subject to the rules and policies of the Coastal Resources Commission, which administers the Coastal Area Management Act.

Supporting documentation

<u>CAMA Counties Map.pdf</u> <u>Coastal Zone Management.pdf</u>

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Contamination and Toxic Substances

General requirements	Legislation	Regulations
It is HUD policy that all properties that are being		24 CFR 58.5(i)(2)
proposed for use in HUD programs be free of		24 CFR 50.3(i)
hazardous materials, contamination, toxic		
chemicals and gases, and radioactive		
substances, where a hazard could affect the		
health and safety of the occupants or conflict		
with the intended utilization of the property.		

- 1. How was site contamination evaluated? Select all that apply. Document and upload documentation and reports and evaluation explanation of site contamination below.
 - American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA)
 ASTM Phase II ESA
 Remediation or clean-up plan
 ASTM Vapor Encroachment Screening
 None of the Above
- 2. Were any on-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances found that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property? (Were any recognized environmental conditions or RECs identified in a Phase I ESA and confirmed in a Phase II ESA?)
 - √ No

Explain:

Reina Clark, Mid-Atlantic Project Manager, conducted a site reconnaissance on 09/21/2020, and the methodology used was a site walkover. Mid-Atlantic did not encounter limiting conditions during the site reconnaissance that hindered their ability to identify RECs. Mid-Atlantic did not observe hazardous substances, petroleum products, USTs, ASTs, other subject containers, equipment likely to contain PCBs, interior staining/corrosion, discharge features, pits, ponds, and lagoons, solid waste dumping/landfills, stained soil/stressed vegetation, wells, or wastewater/septic at the subject or adjacent properties. Mid-Atlantic did not identify known/suspect RECs, historical RECs and/or de minimus conditions associated with the subject site and/or surrounding properties during performance of this PESA, but

they did record various piles of debris located on the property. Mid-Atlantic's conclusions and recommendations, "40 CFR Part 112 requires environmental professionals to consider the information collected during performance of this PESA and render an opinion as to whether additional investigation is required to detect contamination. Based on our review of information available for the subject property and our site reconnaissance, Mid-Atlantic did not identify recognized environmental conditions (RECs), historical recognized environmental conditions (CRECs) during the completion of this assessment. Based on information currently available for the Subject Property, it is our opinion that additional investigation is not warranted. Mid-Atlantic recommends removing the debris piles form the Subject Property prior to future development."

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

Yes

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

Site contamination was evaluated as follows: ASTM Phase I ESA. On-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property were not found. The project is in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements. See supporting documentation.

Supporting documentation

Contamination and Toxic NEPAssist ECHO 1317 N Main St.pdf Contamination and Toxic NEPAssist Report 1317 N Main St.pdf PESA 1317 E Main St Holly Springs Mid-Atlantic.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Endangered Species

General requirements	ESA Legislation	Regulations
Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA)	The Endangered	50 CFR Part
mandates that federal agencies ensure that	Species Act of 1973	402
actions that they authorize, fund, or carry out	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et	
shall not jeopardize the continued existence of	seq.); particularly	
federally listed plants and animals or result in	section 7 (16 USC	
the adverse modification or destruction of	1536).	
designated critical habitat. Where their actions		
may affect resources protected by the ESA,		
agencies must consult with the Fish and Wildlife		
Service and/or the National Marine Fisheries		
Service ("FWS" and "NMFS" or "the Services").		

1. Does the project involve any activities that have the potential to affect specifies or habitats?

No, the project will have No Effect due to the nature of the activities involved in the project.

No, the project will have No Effect based on a letter of understanding, memorandum of agreement, programmatic agreement, or checklist provided by local HUD office

- ✓ Yes, the activities involved in the project have the potential to affect species and/or habitats.
- 2. Are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area?

No, the project will have No Effect due to the absence of federally listed species and designated critical habitat

- Yes, there are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area.
- 3. What effects, if any, will your project have on federally listed species or designated critical habitat?

✓ No Effect: Based on the specifics of both the project and any federally listed species in the action area, you have determined that the project will have absolutely no effect on listed species or critical habitat. in the action area.

Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below. Documentation should include a species list and explanation of your conclusion, and may require maps, photographs, and surveys as appropriate

May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect: Any effects that the project may have on federally listed species or critical habitats would be beneficial, discountable, or insignificant.

Likely to Adversely Affect: The project may have negative effects on one or more listed species or critical habitat.

6. For the project to be brought into compliance with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the exact measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation. This information will be automatically included in the Mitigation summary for the environmental review. If negative effects cannot be mitigated, cancel the project using the button at the bottom of this screen.

Mitigation as follows will be implemented:

✓ No mitigation is necessary.

Explain why mitigation will not be made here:

See attached Axiom Environmental's Federally Protected Species survey results for the proposed site.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

This project has been determined to have No Effect on listed species. This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act without mitigation. Please refer to Axiom Environmental's Protected Species Survey report for No Effect on the Cape Fear shiner, Red-cockaded woodpecker, Dwarf Wedgemussel, Tar River spinymussel, Michaux's sumac, and the Bald Eagle. See supporting documentation.

Supporting documentation

Endangered Species Axiom Survey Report 1317 N Main St.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Explosive and Flammable Hazards

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD-assisted projects must meet	N/A	24 CFR Part 51
Acceptable Separation Distance (ASD)		Subpart C
requirements to protect them from		
explosive and flammable hazards.		

1. Is the proposed HUD-assisted project itself the development of a hazardous facility (a facility that mainly stores, handles or processes flammable or combustible chemicals such as bulk fuel storage facilities and refineries)?

✓	No
	Yes

2. Does this project include any of the following activities: development, construction, rehabilitation that will increase residential densities, or conversion?

No

✓ Yes

- 3. Within 1 mile of the project site, are there any current or planned stationary aboveground storage containers that are covered by 24 CFR 51C? Containers that are NOT covered under the regulation include:
- Containers 100 gallons or less in capacity, containing common liquid industrial fuels OR
- Containers of liquified petroleum gas (LPG) or propane with a water volume capacity of 1,000 gallons or less that meet the requirements of the 2017 or later version of National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 58.

If all containers within the search area fit the above criteria, answer "No." For any other type of aboveground storage container within the search area that holds one of the flammable or explosive materials listed in Appendix I of 24 CFR part 51 subpart C, answer "Yes."

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below.

Yes

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

There are no current or planned stationary aboveground storage containers of concern within 1 mile of the project site. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.

Supporting documentation

AGST Map1 1317 N Main St.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Farmlands Protection

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Farmland Protection	Farmland Protection Policy	7 CFR Part 658
Policy Act (FPPA) discourages	Act of 1981 (7 U.S.C. 4201	
federal activities that would	et seq.)	
convert farmland to		
nonagricultural purposes.		

1. Does your project include any activities, including new construction, acquisition of undeveloped land or conversion, that could convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use?

✓ Yes

No

- 2. Does your project meet one of the following exemptions?
 - Construction limited to on-farm structures needed for farm operations.
 - Construction limited to new minor secondary (accessory) structures such as a garage or storage shed
 - Project on land already in or committed to urban development or used for water storage. (7 CFR 658.2(a))
- ✓ Yes

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below.

No

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

This project includes activities that could potentially convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use, but an exemption applies. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act. At this proposed development site, 21 percent of the +/-9 acres has soils (CaH - Chewacla and Wehadkee soils) that are classified as prime farmland. These soils are in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act because the proposed site is an urbanized area according to the Census Bureau's mapping tool. See supporting documentation.

Supporting documentation

<u>Farmland Protection Census Bureau Urban Map 1317 N Main Street1.pdf</u> <u>Farmland Protection Web Soil Report1.pdf</u>

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Floodplain Management

General Requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Executive Order 11988,	Executive Order 11988	24 CFR 55
Floodplain Management,		
requires federal activities to		
avoid impacts to floodplains		
and to avoid direct and		
indirect support of floodplain		
development to the extent		
practicable.		

1. Do any of the following exemptions apply? Select the applicable citation? [only one selection possible]

55.12(c)(3)

55.12(c)(4)

55.12(c)(5)

55.12(c)(6)

55.12(c)(7)

55.12(c)(8)

55.12(c)(9)

55.12(c)(10)

55.12(c)(11)

✓ None of the above

2. Upload a FEMA/FIRM map showing the site here:

Flood Insurance FEMA Firmette 1317 N Main Street1.pdf

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates floodplains. The FEMA Map Service Center provides this information in the form of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs). For projects in areas not mapped by FEMA, use **the best available information** to determine floodplain information. Include documentation, including a discussion of why this is the best available information for the site.

Does your project occur in a floodplain?

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

Yes

Sportsmanship-Crossing-Affordable-Multi-family-Development

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

This project does not occur in a floodplain. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11988. See supporting documentation.

Supporting documentation

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Historic Preservation

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Regulations under	Section 106 of the	36 CFR 800 "Protection of Historic
Section 106 of the	National Historic	Properties"
National Historic	Preservation Act	http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisi
Preservation Act	(16 U.S.C. 470f)	dx 10/36cfr800 10.html
(NHPA) require a		
consultative process		
to identify historic		
properties, assess		
project impacts on		
them, and avoid,		
minimize, or mitigate		
adverse effects		

Threshold

Is Section 106 review required for your project?

No, because the project consists solely of activities listed as exempt in a Programmatic Agreement (PA). (See the PA Database to find applicable PAs.) No, because the project consists solely of activities included in a No Potential to Cause Effects memo or other determination [36 CFR 800.3(a)(1)].

✓ Yes, because the project includes activities with potential to cause effects (direct or indirect).

Step 1 – Initiate Consultation Select all consulting parties below (check all that apply):

- ✓ State Historic Preservation Offer (SHPO) Not Required
- ✓ Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Not Required
- ✓ Indian Tribes, including Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs) or Native Hawaiian Organizations (NHOs)

Aff	ortsmanship-Crossing- ordable-Multi-family- velopment	Holly Springs, NC	90000010149708
	✓ Catawba Indain Nation THPO	In progress	
✓	Other Consulting Parties		
	✓ Capital Area Preservation		In progress

Describe the process of selecting consulting parties and initiating consultation here:

Pending

Document and upload all correspondence, notices and notes (including comments and objections received below).

Step 2 – Identify and Evaluate Historic Properties

1. Define the Area of Potential Effect (APE), either by entering the address(es) or uploading a map depicting the APE below:

In the chart below, list historic properties identified and evaluated in the APE. Every historic property that may be affected by the project should be included in the chart.

Upload the documentation (survey forms, Register nominations, concurrence(s) and/or objection(s), notes, and photos) that justify your National Register Status determination below.

Address / Location	National Register	SHPO Concurrence	Sensitive
/ District	Status		Information

Additional Notes:

2. Was a survey of historic buildings and/or archeological sites done as part of the

project?

Yes

✓ No

Step 3 -Assess Effects of the Project on Historic Properties

Only properties that are listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places receive further consideration under Section 106. Assess the effect(s) of the project by applying the Criteria of Adverse Effect. (36 CFR 800.5)] Consider direct and indirect effects as applicable as per guidance on direct and indirect effects.

Choose one of the findings below - No Historic Properties Affected, No Adverse Effect, or Adverse Effect; and seek concurrence from consulting parties.

✓ No Historic Properties Affected

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload concurrence(s) or objection(s) below.

Document reason for finding:

✓ No historic properties present.

Historic properties present, but project will have no effect upon them.

No Adverse Effect

Adverse Effect

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

Based on Section 106 consultation there are No Historic Properties Affected because there are no historic properties present. The project is in compliance with Section 106.

Supporting documentation

REQUES~1(1).DOC

Affordable-Multi-family-Development

CAPREV~1.PDF

CAPREQ~1.PDF

REQUES~2.DOC

EREMAI~1.PDF

CONCUR~1.PDF

SHPO and Wake County Signed Agreement.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Noise Abatement and Control

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD's noise regulations protect	Noise Control Act of 1972	Title 24 CFR 51
residential properties from		Subpart B
excessive noise exposure. HUD	General Services Administration	
encourages mitigation as	Federal Management Circular	
appropriate.	75-2: "Compatible Land Uses at	
	Federal Airfields"	

- 1. What activities does your project involve? Check all that apply:
- ✓ New construction for residential use

NOTE: HUD assistance to new construction projects is generally prohibited if they are located in an Unacceptable zone, and HUD discourages assistance for new construction projects in Normally Unacceptable zones. See 24 CFR 51.101(a)(3) for further details.

Rehabilitation of an existing residential property

A research demonstration project which does not result in new construction or reconstruction

An interstate land sales registration

Any timely emergency assistance under disaster assistance provision or appropriations which are provided to save lives, protect property, protect public health and safety, remove debris and wreckage, or assistance that has the effect of restoring facilities substantially as they existed prior to the disaster None of the above

4. Complete the Preliminary Screening to identify potential noise generators in the vicinity (1000' from a major road, 3000' from a railroad, or 15 miles from an airport).

Indicate the findings of the Preliminary Screening below:

There are no noise generators found within the threshold distances above.

✓ Noise generators were found within the threshold distances.

5. Complete the Preliminary Screening to identify potential noise generators in the

 ✓ Acceptable: (65 decibels or less; the ceiling may be shifted to 70 decibels in circumstances described in §24 CFR 51.105(a))

Indicate noise level here: 59

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload noise analysis, including noise level and data used to complete the analysis below.

Normally Unacceptable: (Above 65 decibels but not exceeding 75 decibels; the floor may be shifted to 70 decibels in circumstances described in §24 CFR 51.105(a))

Unacceptable: (Above 75 decibels)

HUD strongly encourages conversion of noise-exposed sites to land uses compatible with high noise levels.

Check here to affirm that you have considered converting this property to a non-residential use compatible with high noise levels.

Indicate noise level here: 59

Document and upload noise analysis, including noise level and data used to complete the analysis below.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

A Noise Assessment was conducted. The noise level was acceptable: 59.0 db. See noise analysis. The project is in compliance with HUD's Noise regulation. There are

two noise generating sources at this site. The first source is U.S. Hwy. 55 Business or North Main Street, and the closest building to this roadway is the clubhouse and laundry center. The distance between the roadway and this building is 190 feet, and the decibel rating is 58. The second source is U.S. Hwy. 55 By-pass, and the closest building is 810 feet away from the second road source. The decibel rating for the second source is 52, and the combined DNL for all sources is 59. The airport and railroad are greater than 15 miles and 3,000 feet, respectively, from this proposed development site. See supporting documentation.

Supporting documentation

Noise Abatement DNL Calculator Revised Holly Springs Development.pdf
Noise Abatement Distance to Noise Sources Sportsmanship Crossings.pdf
Noise Abatement and Control Nearest Railroad Map 1317 N Main St.pdf
NCDOT AADT Stations 2030 Projection Hwy 55 Bypass HS.xlsx
NCDOT AADT Stations 2030 Projection Hwy 55 Business HS.xlsx

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Sole Source Aquifers

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974	Safe Drinking Water	40 CFR Part 149
protects drinking water systems	Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.	
which are the sole or principal	201, 300f et seq., and	
drinking water source for an area	21 U.S.C. 349)	
and which, if contaminated, would		
create a significant hazard to public		
health.		

1. Does the project consist solely of acquisition, leasing, or rehabilitation of an existing building(s)?

Yes

✓ No

2. Is the project located on a sole source aquifer (SSA)?

A sole source aquifer is defined as an aquifer that supplies at least 50 percent of the drinking water consumed in the area overlying the aquifer. This includes streamflow source areas, which are upstream areas of losing streams that flow into the recharge area.

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload documentation used to make your determination, such as a map of your project (or jurisdiction, if appropriate) in relation to the nearest SSA and its source area, below.

Yes

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The project is not located on a sole source aquifer area. The project is in compliance with Sole Source Aquifer requirements.

Supporting documentation

Development

<u>Sole Source Aquifer Program</u> <u>Ground Water Protection - Region 4 Southeast</u> <u>US</u> <u>EPA.pdf</u>

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Wetlands Protection

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Executive Order 11990 discourages direct or	Executive Order	24 CFR 55.20 can be
indirect support of new construction impacting	11990	used for general
wetlands wherever there is a practicable		guidance regarding
alternative. The Fish and Wildlife Service's		the 8 Step Process.
National Wetlands Inventory can be used as a		
primary screening tool, but observed or known		
wetlands not indicated on NWI maps must also		
be processed Off-site impacts that result in		
draining, impounding, or destroying wetlands		
must also be processed.		

1. Does this project involve new construction as defined in Executive Order 11990, expansion of a building's footprint, or ground disturbance? The term "new construction" shall include draining, dredging, channelizing, filling, diking, impounding, and related activities and any structures or facilities begun or authorized after the effective date of the Order

No

- ✓ Yes
- 2. Will the new construction or other ground disturbance impact an on- or off-site wetland? The term "wetlands" means those areas that are inundated by surface or ground water with a frequency sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances does or would support, a prevalence of vegetative or aquatic life that requires saturated or seasonally saturated soil conditions for growth and reproduction. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas such as sloughs, potholes, wet meadows, river overflows, mud flats, and natural ponds.

"Wetlands under E.O. 11990 include isolated and non-jurisdictional wetlands."

✓ No, a wetland will not be impacted in terms of E.O. 11990's definition of new construction.

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload a map or any other relevant documentation below which explains your determination

Yes, there is a wetland that be impacted in terms of E.O. 11990's definition of new construction.

Sportsmanship-Crossing-Affordable-Multi-family-Development

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

The project will not impact on- or off-site wetlands. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990.

Supporting documentation

SAW-2020-01780 PJD_Wake County Government -signed 201116.pdf Wetlands Mapper 1317 N Main Street1.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Wild and Scenic Rivers Act

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act	The Wild and Scenic Rivers	36 CFR Part 297
provides federal protection for	Act (16 U.S.C. 1271-1287),	
certain free-flowing, wild, scenic	particularly section 7(b) and	
and recreational rivers	(c) (16 U.S.C. 1278(b) and (c))	
designated as components or		
potential components of the		
National Wild and Scenic Rivers		
System (NWSRS) from the effects		
of construction or development.		

1. Is your project within proximity of a NWSRS river?

✓ No

Yes, the project is in proximity of a Designated Wild and Scenic River or Study Wild and Scenic River.

Yes, the project is in proximity of a Nationwide Rivers Inventory (NRI) River.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

This project is not within proximity of a NWSRS river. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.

Supporting documentation

Wild and Scenic Rivers Map_NC.pdf
Wild and Scenic Rivers Distance to Neuse River.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

Environmental Justice

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Determine if the project	Executive Order 12898	
creates adverse environmental		
impacts upon a low-income or		
minority community. If it		
does, engage the community		
in meaningful participation		
about mitigating the impacts		
or move the project.		

HUD strongly encourages starting the Environmental Justice analysis only after all other laws and authorities, including Environmental Assessment factors if necessary, have been completed.

1.	Were any adverse environmental impacts identified in any other compliance review
portion	of this project's total environmental review?

Yes

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

Screen Summary

Compliance Determination

No adverse environmental impacts were identified in the project's total environmental review. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898.

Supporting documentation

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes